



Presents

Aftermath of a Self-Defense Incident

Lesson Topics

- Mitigating Risk
- Response to Stress
- Effects of Stress
- The Immediate Aftermath
- Six Things to Know When Police Arrive



Mitigating Risk

- Potentially the most dangerous time of the situation
- If it wasn't an armed situation before... it is now
- Everything is being recorded



Stressing the Plan



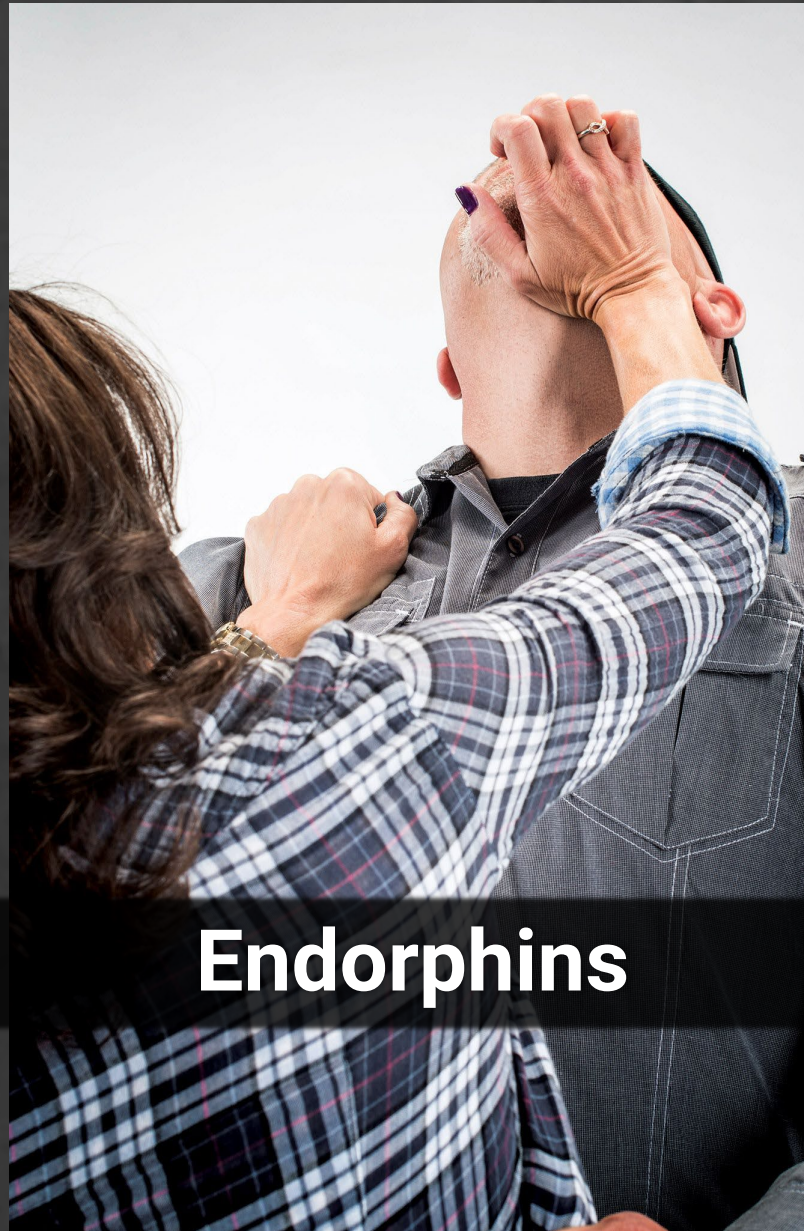
It is important to have prepared a plan of what to do and say to police after a self-defense incident has occurred.



Effects of Stress



Adrenaline



Endorphins



Tunnel Vision

Effects of Stress



Auditory Exclusion



Memory Loss



False Memories

The Immediate Aftermath



Retreat to Safety



Call 911 and Lawyer



Prepare the Facts

Calls to Make if NO Shots Were Fired



911



Attorney

Calls to Make if Shots Were Fired

A man with dark skin and curly hair, wearing a blue jacket and a headset with a microphone, is shown in profile. He is looking towards the left. In the background, there are computer monitors displaying various images.

911

A middle-aged man with a bald head, wearing a dark blue suit, white shirt, and patterned tie, is holding a black mobile phone to his ear. He is looking down and to the side. The background is a blurred office interior.

Attorney

A woman with curly brown hair is smiling and hugging a young girl with dark skin and curly hair. The girl is looking towards the camera with a slight smile. They are both wearing light-colored clothing.

Family

Make a Four-Part Statement to the Police

We recommend that you stick with this four-part statement to the police and do NOT go beyond it:

- 1) I was attacked (by that person / by a person who ran in that direction).
- 2) There is the evidence (point out anything that the police may miss or may not realize was used as a weapon).
- 3) (That person / those people) were witnesses.
- 4) I've (spoken to / left a message with) my attorney, and I'm going to wait until (he or she) arrives to give a statement and sign a complaint.



1. You Will be Detained and Possibly Arrested

- **Before** police arrive, return firearm to the holster, or off your body
- Raise hands in the air as police approach
- **Comply** with all police instructions
- Keep your hands visible to police
- Don't argue
- Request to see paramedics



2. Your Gun Will be Seized as Evidence



- Everything found at the scene of an attack will be documented
- Be prepared to turn over any firearm or non-lethal device
- Don't disturb any evidence
- Point out anything that might have been missed

3. You Will be Interrogated

After the four-part statement, there are only two things you should say:

- **“I want my lawyer present before I answer any questions, and until then, I invoke my right to remain silent.”**
- **“I do not consent to a search of my person or my property.”**



4. You Will Need an Attorney

Your attorney will:

- Delay any police interview for as long as possible
 - At least 48 hours
- Investigate and review the crime scene
- Analyze all evidence
- Conduct their own witness interviews
- Pursue professional expert testimony

5. You May Need to Post Bail or Pay Bond

- May have the option to post bail or pay bond
- Securing a large amount of cash may be difficult for family
- You may need a bail bondsman



6. The DA's Charging Decision May be Delayed

- If enough evidence of a crime is found, reports will be submitted to the DA
- May take days or weeks
- Important to be at home during this process, not in jail



QUESTIONS?

NEXT STEPS



**Develop a Plan
and Discuss with
Family**



**Visit the USCCA
Reciprocity Map**



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MOBILE
APP

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- ✓ Your Membership Profile
- ✓ Protector Academy Training Videos
- ✓ Stay Up To Date With State CCW Laws

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